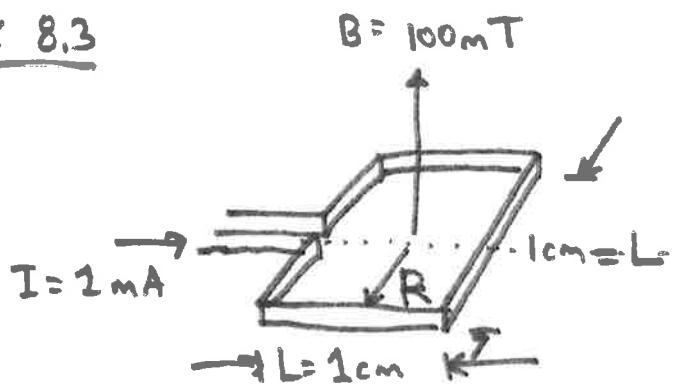


Ex 8.3



(Magnetic  
torque)

$$\text{Torque} = (F) \times (\text{lever arm})$$

$$= (ILB) \times \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)$$

$$= (I)(\text{area})(B)$$

$$1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ N-m} = (1 \text{ mA})(1 \text{ cm}^2)(100 \text{ mT})$$

$$\boxed{\text{Torque} = 0.1 \text{ dyne-cm}}$$

- This torque will occur not when the wire is oriented as shown above, but rather when it lies in the plane of the magnet field.
- The torque will act in such a way as to orient the loop perpendicular to the magnet field (as shown above).